

**MINISTRY OF EDUCATION AND SCIENCE OF UKRAINE
WEST UKRAINIAN NATIONAL UNIVERSITY
LAW FACULTY**

Approved

T.a. Dean of Faculty of Law
Nadiia MOSKALYUK
« 25 » 2023



Approved

A vice-rector for scientific and pedagogical work
Viktor OSTROVERKHOV



**Work program
discipline
«Politology»**

Higher education degree - bachelor
Field of knowledge - 29 International relations
Specialty - 293 International law
Educational and professional program – «International law»

Department of Political sciences and Philosophy

Form of study	Study year	Semester	Lectures	Practical classes	Individual work	Training, CPIT	Student-self study	Total	Exam/Credit
Full-time	1	2	16	14	2	4	54	90	Credit

31.08.2023
[Signature]

Ternopil – WUNU, 2023

The work program was developed on the basis of the educational and professional program for Bachelor's field of knowledge 29 International relations, specialty 293 International law (approved by the Academic Council of WUNU, Protocol No 10 from 23.06.2023).

The working program was compiled by the Doctor of Political Science, Associate Professor Volodymyr TOMAKHIV.

The work program was considered and approved at the meeting of the Department of Political sciences and Philosophy, Protocol No. 1 dated 28.08.2023.

Head of Department



Tatyana CHOLACH

Considered and approved by the Support group of specialty 293 International law, Protocol No. 1 dated August 31, 2023.

Head of the SGS



Yaryna ZHUKORSKA

Guarantor of EP



Liudmyla SAVANETS

1. DESCRIPTION OF THE DISCIPLINE “POLITOLOGY”

Discipline – Politology	Direction, specialty, educationally-qualifying level	Description of educational discipline
Number of credits of ECTS – 3	Field of knowledge – 29 International relations	Discipline status: mandatory Language of study: English
Number of credit modules – 3	Specialty – 293 International law	Study year – 1 Semester – II
Number of contents modules – 2	Educational and Professional Program - International Law	Lectures – 16 hours Practical classes – 14 hours
Total hours – 90	Higher education degree – bachelor	Student-self study – 54 hours, Training, CPIT – 4 hours. Individual work – 2 hours.
Weekly hours - 3 hours, including 2 hours of classroom hours.		A type of final control is credit

2. THE PURPOSE AND TASKS OF STUDYING THE DISCIPLINE "Politology"

2.1. Purpose of studying the discipline:

The purpose of the discipline "Politology" is to study the nature, history and theoretical foundations of the political sphere of public life, methodology of activity and behaviour of the main subjects of politics: from the citizen and the local community - to the state and the nation as a whole. Develop the ability to characterize political teachings and doctrines ideally. To develop the ability to give a basic characterization of political doctrines and political-ideological doctrines, to have an idea of the essence of political life, political relations and processes, subjects and objects of politics, to know human and citizen's rights, the essence and meaning of political systems and regimes, processes of international political life, geopolitical situation, status and role of Ukraine in the modern political world, have the skills of political culture, be able to apply political knowledge in their professional and public activities.

2.2. The task of studying the discipline

The task of studying the discipline is to acquaint students with the theoretical foundations of political science, the world experience of the democratic system of social life and the current state of political relations in Ukraine; which will be taught to students in accordance with the program and work plan of the course «Political Science». This will lay the foundations for the development of democracy in the Ukrainian state and the orientation towards Ukraine's accession to the European Union.

The objective of the practical classes is to form a deep understanding of the basic laws and perspectives of the development of the political sphere of public life, to form a democratic basis of political consciousness and political culture, political participation of student youth and young specialists in the formation and functioning of civil society, the Ukrainian state, and the formation of Ukrainian patriotic and develop guidelines and willingness to defend the young generation of national needs and interests

2.3. Name and description of competencies, the formation of which provides the study of discipline:

GC 2. Ability for learning and mastery of modern knowledge.

GC 5. Ability to search for, process, and analyze information from a variety of sources.

GC 6. Ability to exercise rights and responsibilities as a member of society, to recognize the values of civil (free democratic) society and the need for its sustainable development, the rule of law, human and civil rights and freedoms in Ukraine.

2.4. Prerequisites for studying the discipline:

OK2 History and culture of Ukraine;

OK5 Philosophy.

2.5. Program learning outcomes:

Program learning outcomes obtained during the study of the discipline "Politology" allow students in the process of professional realization:

LO 1. Know and understand the basics of state foreign policy, the nature and dynamics of international relations, international cooperation at the universal and regional levels, identify the legal status of subjects of international relations and the nature of interaction between them.

LO 13. Make collective decisions, work in a team, show leadership, identify priority goals in professional and educational contexts, plan individual and group work to achieve them.

LO 14. Using modern digital technologies, collect, systematize and analyze information from various sources on international and national legal processes and phenomena.

3. PROGRAM OF EDUCATIONAL DISCIPLINE "POLITOLOGY"

Content module 1. Political system of society.

Theme 1. Political science as a science. The concept of politics and political activity.

The concept of politics, causes and conditions of political sphere formation in public life. Specific, structure and functions of policy, ways of typology. The emergence of political science and stages of its formation. Modern development of political science in the world and Ukraine. The main categories of political science. Its object, subject, research methods. System of Political Science. Relationship of political science with other social sciences. The structure and functions of political science, its role in ensuring social progress. Constitutional political rights and freedoms of the citizen. The concept of political activity, its essence, motives and means. Aspects, levels and forms of political activity. Political interaction and political relations. Typology of political activity. Concepts and main components of the political process. Participation of student youth and other categories of population in the political life of Ukraine.

Theme 2. History of world and national political thought

Origins and main stages of foreign political thought. Political views of the ancient East. Political Thoughts of Ancient Greece and Ancient Rome. Political and religious views of the Middle Ages. Political doctrines of the Renaissance and Reformation. N. Machiavelli - the founder of secular political science. Political thought of modern times. Formation of political thought in the princely days of Ukrainian history. Political ideas of the Cossack period and the Hetman state. National revival and development of Ukrainian political thought in the nineteenth and early twentieth centuries. Ukrainian Political Thought after the National Liberation Revolution of 1917-1921

Theme 3. Political system of society, place and role in it of the state.

Power as a social phenomenon. Subjects, objects, sources and resources of political power, methods of its realization. Concepts and ways of legitimizing political power. The concept of the political system, its structure and functions. Concepts of the political system of D. Easton, G. Almond and K. Deutsch. Political institutions, their varieties and their role in the political system of society. Theoretical principles of interaction of the political system with the environment. Political system and social systems of society). Typology of political systems. Political system of modern Ukraine, problems of its functioning and reform. The concept of the state. The structure of the state, its functions in the political system of society. The concept of "minimum state". Forms of forms of the state. Legal, democratic and social state. Interaction of state and territorial and local self-government bodies. Ukraine as a parliamentary-presidential republic. Decentralization of the state is an urgent problem of reforming the Ukrainian statehood.

Topic 4. Civil society. Political parties, public associations and movements.

Concepts, basic principles and institutions of civil society. The role of civil society in the formation, support and development of democracy and public policy. New forms of civil society that emerged during the Revolution of Dignity. The role of social networks in the functioning of regional and national civil society. The party as a political institute, its features in comparison with the state. Typology of political parties. Features of modern political parties. The concept of a European political party. Political parties in modern Ukraine, their varieties and role in political life of society and the state. Party systems and their typology. The concepts and varieties of public associations and social movements, the legal basis of their activities. Interaction of public associations with parties and government bodies.

Topic 5. Political elite and political leadership.

Concepts and modern concepts of the political elite. Structure and Functions of the Political Elite. Typology of political elites. Quasi-elite, proto-elite and counterelite. Systemic and antisystemic opposition. The place and role of the political elite in the structure of the national elite. The concept of political leadership and its typology. Essential features of national leadership. Political elite and political leadership in modern Ukraine.

Content Module 2. FUNDAMENTALS OF DEMOCRACY.

Topic 6. Political regimes. Features of modern democracy.

The concept of political regime. Criteria for typology of political regimes and their main varieties. Essential features of a democratic regime, its threats. Totalitarianism: objective and subjective prerequisites. Authoritarian regime, its historical and modern models. Manifestations of authoritarianism in the political life of modern Ukraine. The influence of oligarchic groups on the deformation of the political regime. Historical models and modern concepts of democracy. Principles and forms of democracy. Election as the basis of political democracy. Types of election systems. Principles of parliamentary and local elections in Ukraine. Parliamentarism in the system of modern democracy. The waves of democratization in the modern world. Conditions and ways to build and strengthen democracy in Ukraine.

Topic 7. Fundamentals of Ethnic and International Politics.

The concept of ethnicity, nation, national minority. Nations are ethnic, political and mixed. Ethnopolitics, its subjects, objects and democratic principles. Varieties of ethnopolitics of the state and ethno-national groups. Constitutional foundations and realities of the ethno-national politics of the modern Ukrainian state. Nationalism, internationalism and cosmopolitanism. Democratic and authoritarian (integral) nationalism in Ukraine. The causes of separatism in Ukraine and the problems of nation consolidation. Foreign Policy and International Relations. The concept of geopolitics, its basic concepts. International governmental and non-governmental organizations. Democratic foundations of the functioning of the UN, the Council of Europe, the European Union and the OSCE. Ukraine as an associate member of the EU. EU and NATO accession as Ukraine's strategic goal. Global problems of today and the world political process. Ukraine as a subject of international relations. Ukraine's support to the world community in its confrontation with the Russian Federation.

Topic 8. Political-ideological systems and political culture.

The concept of political consciousness, political ideology and political psychology. Functions of political consciousness and ideology. Political and ideological pluralism as important principles of functioning of modern democracy. The concept of political movement. World political and ideological doctrines and movements. Liberalism as a political and ideological doctrine. Political and economic principles of liberalism. Liberal ideology in Ukraine and its representatives. Conservatism as a political-ideological doctrine and socio-political movement. Modern neo-conservatism. Conservative political parties in Ukraine. Communist and Social Democratic Ideology: Programming Foundations, Theory and Practice. Communist and Social Democratic Parties in Ukraine. The concept of political culture, its basic concepts. The structure, functions and typology of political culture. The concept of patriarchal, nationalistic and activist political culture. Civic culture as a basis for the functioning and development of democracy. The political culture of modern Ukraine, its ambivalent character. The Impact of the Revolutionary Shocks in Ukraine in 2004 and 2013-2014 on the Formation of the

Foundations of an Activist Political Culture.

Topic 9 Political Management and Marketing. Political technologies.

The content and the relationship between the concepts of political governance, political leadership and political management. Subjects and objects of political management, principles of its effective implementation. Types of political management. Stages of the process of preparation and political decision-making. Management of the election campaign. Organization of management activities in the system of legislative and executive authorities and local self-government bodies. Party management. Features of political management and communications in crisis situations. Concepts, functions and types of political marketing. Subjects, Objects, and Political Marketing Items. Methods and forms of political market research. Features of state political and party marketing. Marketing of the election process, its main steps and functions.

4. STRUCTURE OF A CREDIT IN AN EDUCATIONAL DISCIPLINE «Politology» Full-time

№	Topic	Number of hours					Control measures
		Lectures	Seminars	Student-self study	Individual work	Training, CPIT	
Content module 1. The policy system of the society							
1	Theme 1. Political science as a science. The concept of politics and political activity	2	2	6	1	2	Tests, questions
2	Theme 2. History of world and national political thought.	1	2	6			Essay
3	Theme 3. Political system of society, place and role in it of the state.	2	2	6			Tests, questions
4	Topic 4. Civil society. Political Parties, Public Associations, and Movements	2	2	6			Essay
5	Topic 5. Political elites and leadership.	1	2	6			Tests, questions
Content module 2. Fundamentals of democracy							
6	Topic 6. Political regimes. Features of modern democracy	2	1	6	1	2	Essay
7	Topic 7. Fundamentals of Ethnic and International Politics	2	1	6			Tests, questions
8	Topic 8. Political-ideological systems and political culture	2	1	6			Essay
9	Topic 9. Political management and marketing. Political technologies.	2	1	6			Tests, questions
	Total	16	14	54	2	4	

5. TOPICS OF PRACTICAL CLASSES ON THE DISCIPLINE “POLITOLOGY”

Practical classes are aimed at deepening students' theoretical knowledge and acquiring the necessary practical skills for solving specific practical situations, working with regulatory acts and their application.

Preparation for practical classes consists in the study of theoretical material, current legislation, and familiarization with special scientific literature on the subject of the class. In order to check the level of assimilation of the material, it is necessary to answer control questions and complete practical tasks.

An important form of deepening knowledge of politology is the preparation of abstract reports by students on problematic issues of the course, their listening and discussion in classes.

The working program of studying the course "Politology" provides for practical classes in the amount of 14 hours.

Practical class № 1

Topic. Political science as a science. The concept of politics and political activity.

Purpose: To discover the essence of politics, its social functions and to analyse the causes and

conditions of the political sphere of social life. Describe the features of the subject, the categorical apparatus and methods of study of political phenomena and processes. To explore the origins and stages of the development of political science in the world and Ukraine, its social functions and the growing role in the context of modern civilization process. To reveal the content, motives and characterize the main types of political activity.

Questions for discussion:

1. Politics as a social phenomenon and concept. The structure and functions of the policy, its varieties.
2. Motives, goals and means of political activity. Political participation and political functioning.
3. The subject, categories, concepts, methods and functions of political science.
4. The system of political science, its formation in the world and Ukraine.

Practical class № 2

Theme. The political system of society, the place and role in the state.

Purpose: To achieve the awareness that the political sphere of society is systemic in nature and thus complies with the laws of the construction and functioning of open self-organized systems. This will be facilitated by an analysis of the political system models that grounded American political scientists in the mid-twentieth century. To reveal the place and role of political power and the state as an institution in the political system.

Questions for discussion:

1. The essence of political power, its subject-object model.
2. The concept, structure and functions of the political system of society.
3. Theoretical foundations of the interaction of the political system with the environment.
4. The state as a political institute. Form of government and structure: theory and Ukrainian realities.

Practical class № 3

Topic. Civil society. Political parties, unions and movements.

Purpose: To review the concepts, genesis, basic principles and institutions of civil society. Describe political parties and other voluntary associations of citizens, their role in the civil society system. To find out the peculiarities of interaction between civil society and the state in different political regimes. in today's Ukrainian society.

Questions for discussion:

1. The concept of civil society, its structure and functions.
2. The political party as an institute of civil society
3. Functional interaction between civil society and the state.
4. Problems of civil society development in Ukraine after the Dignity Revolution.

Practical class № 4

Topic. Political elite and political leadership in a democracy.

Purpose: Analyse the concepts and current concepts of the political elite, find out its structure and functions. Consider the place and role of the political elite in the national elite system. Explain the concept of political leadership and find out the basics of its typology. Describe the state of political elite and political leadership in contemporary Ukraine.

Questions for discussion:

1. Signs, structure and functions of the political elite.
2. Political leadership: nature, functions, types.
3. Political elites and leadership in Ukraine.

Practical class № 5

Theme. Political regimes. Features of modern democracy.

Purpose: To expose the notion of political regime, its role in the control of society and the achievement of public purpose. Identify and analyse criteria for typology of political regimes and their main varieties: democratic regime, authoritarianism, totalitarianism. To find out the causes of authoritarianism in the political life of modern Ukraine. To analyse the principles and models of democracy, its role in the functioning of electoral systems and parliaments.

Questions for discussion:

1. The concept, social purpose and criteria of the typology of political regimes.

2. Essential traits and conditions of formation of democratic, authoritarian and totalitarian regimes. Principles and models of democracy, electoral systems and parliamentarism.
3. Features of the political regime of modern Ukrainian society.

Practical class № 6

Topic. Fundamentals of Ethnic and International Politics.

Purpose: Explain the meaning of the concept of nation, national minorities and ethno-politics. Describe the constitutional foundations and realities of the ethno-national politics of the modern Ukrainian state. Investigate the phenomenon of ethnic minority nationalism and the manifestations of separatism. To reveal the content of the concepts of foreign policy, international relations, international policy and geopolitics. Analyse the main international governmental organizations: the UN, the Council of Europe, the European Union, the OSCE and the status of Ukraine as an associated EU member.

Questions for discussion:

1. The concept of ethnicity, nation and ethno-politics.
2. Nationalism, internationalism and cosmopolitanism, their modern manifestations.
3. The principles of foreign policy and international relations in a democracy.
4. Foreign policy and ethno-politics of the Ukrainian state.

Theme. Political-ideological systems and political culture.

Purpose: To find out the content of concepts: political consciousness, political ideology and political psychology. To consider ideological pluralism as important principles of functioning of modern democracy and to characterize the main political and ideological systems of the present: liberalism, conservatism, social reform and communism. To characterize the essential features, structure, functions and typology of political culture, its features in Ukraine.

Questions for discussion:

1. Political consciousness and ideology, their role in the functioning of the political sphere of public life.
2. Modern political and ideological systems, their spread in the world and Ukraine.
3. The concept of political culture of G. Almond, its role in understanding the peculiarities of political life in different countries.
4. The political culture of the older generation and young people in Ukraine: common and different.

Practical class № 6

Topic Political Management and Marketing. Political technologies.

Purpose: To reveal the content of political management as a science and a variety of political activity. Describe its varieties such as election campaign management, party management, and government and government management. To find out the peculiarities of political marketing, its role in political market research, its formation and transformation. Assess regulatory and deviant political technologies, their use in the political process in Ukraine.

Questions for discussion:

1. Political management as a kind of political activity.
2. Political marketing, its role in research and transformation of the political sphere of public life.
3. Political technologies and antitechnologies, their use in election campaigns and other mass events.

6. COMPLEX PRACTICAL INDIVIDUAL TASK

Training: requirements and conditions. Training is a carefully planned process of providing or updating knowledge, developing skills, changing or updating certain attitudes, views and beliefs. The training is focused on questions and search.

Training sample:

Political Leadership.

The training is held for those who seek to formulate leadership qualities and learn to make responsible decisions, set goals and develop a strategy for their implementation, work in a team, be confident in themselves and succeed in political activity.

Goal:

- Determine how to form leadership qualities, identify dreams and goals, and prioritize.
- Develop a practical plan for achieving the intended goals.
- Arm yourself with faith in yourself, in your success.
- To learn psychological mechanisms of development of motivation of achievement and self-control.

Target audience:

- Young, active, ambitious, purposeful boys and girls.
- Who dreams and wants to realize themselves as a political leader.
- Who sets goals and intends to achieve them.
- Who does not want to waste valuable time.
- Who wants to be successful and useful.
- Methodology of conducting:
 - Discussion - a free verbal exchange of knowledge, ideas or thoughts between the trainer and the group members.
 - Discussion as a method of training, usually limited to a single question or topic, and built in a certain sequence. Discussion in many cases affects the emotional sphere of group members, but it should not turn into a heated debate. An important element of the discussion is the demonstration of one's views on a particular issue; the discussion completely eliminates the possibility of interrupting each other: says one - the rest are listening. The role of the trainer in the discussion is the closest to the role of the mediator. It monitors the activity of participants. At the end of the discussion, he summarizes the main points made by the group and summarizes all the conclusions reached.

Training Objectives:

- To know yourself, your dreams, goals, talents, your uniqueness and purpose in life.
- Plan, set goals, learn to achieve them.
- Seek out and find the resources and potential to achieve all goals.
- Set goals and goals for the coming year, five and ten years.

Training program.

1. What is political leadership?
2. What character traits does a political leader need?
3. What is the purpose? How is the dream different from the goal?
4. How do you find out what you want and set goals for yourself?
5. Laws of goal achievement - what goals are achieved and what are not?
6. Rules for correct goal setting.
7. How to achieve your goals, not strangers?
8. What prevents us from achieving our goals?
9. The basic principles of goal achievement - the algorithm of achievement of goals, stages.
10. Motivation to achieve - why your goal should become a reality!
11. How to program yourself for success?
12. How to build life priorities.
13. Effective techniques of self-control and self-motivation.
14. How many goals should there be? Goal management.
15. How to manage everything, to develop simultaneously in several directions and to achieve goals.

Managing yourself and time.

16. Essential Resources for Achieving Goals, How to Make the Environment and the Universe Help You.

Training participants will be assisted by:

- be able to prioritize and separate important from minor;
- effectively plan your time, set a goal, break it into tasks;
- communicate effectively and freely;
- to find the resources for life, the ability to understand better people and himself;
- to learn methods that will help to be successful in all spheres of life;
- expand the range of self-perception;
- to strengthen the positive image of one's self;

- increase responsibility for your own thoughts, feelings and actions.
- to behave effectively at the interview;
- be able to set career goals;
- be able to establish relationships in a new team.

7. STUDENT-SELF STUDY ON THE DISCIPLINE «POLITOLOGY»

Student-self-study is the main way for students to learn educational material outside of classroom time without the participation of a teacher. The scope and content of independent work is determined by the work program and work plan within the established amount of hours from the academic discipline, methodical instructions of the teacher. The student's independent work is provided by a system of educational and methodological tools: notes of the teacher's lectures, textbooks, educational and methodical guides, monographic literature and periodicals, as well as self-monitoring tools (tests, situational tasks). Students have the opportunity to study the educational material independently in the library, classrooms and computer classrooms using the Internet, as well as at home (when receiving the appropriate package of educational and methodological literature).

№	Topics
1	Political science as a science. The concept of politics and political activity
2	History of world and national political thought.
3	Political system of society, place and role in it of the state.
4	Civil society. Political Parties, Public Associations, and Movements
5	Political elites and leadership.
6	Political regimes. Features of modern democracy
7	Fundamentals of Ethnic and International Politics
8	Political-ideological systems and political culture
9	Political management and marketing. Political technologies.

8. TRAINING ON THE DISCIPLINE “POLITOLOGY”

The following means of assessment and methods of demonstrating learning outcomes are used in the course of studying the discipline "Politology":

- standardized tests;
- current survey;
- test module testing and surveys;
- evaluation of CPIT results;
- student presentations and speeches at scientific events;
- modular control work;
- credit;
- other types of individual and group tasks.

Complex practical individual task

CPIT allows students to acquire the necessary practical skills in solving specific practical problems, developing skills of independent work and mastering the methodology of conducting research related to the topic of CPIT.

The purpose of the CPIT is to: consolidate, deepen and summarize the knowledge acquired by students during the acquisition of theoretical and practical skills and their use in their professional activities. When performing CPIT, the student must demonstrate skills in the field of research activities, work with finished materials, the ability to creative and original solutions to the tasks.

The CPIT is performed independently by each student on the basis of the processed literature. The

CPIT shall be drawn up in accordance with established requirements.

The CPIT should include the following sections:

1. The title page contains:

- name of the university;
- the name of the department;
- title of the course;
- academic group number;

2. Contents.

3. Introduction. The introduction reveals the nature, state of the scientific task and its significance. Immediately indicate the purpose and objectives of the study.

4. The main part. It reveals the scientific research and corresponds to the chosen topic, introduction and conclusions of the work.

5. Conclusions. The conclusions indicate the results obtained during the study, suggestions or recommendations for solving the task in accordance with the results of the study.

6. References. Sources are placed in alphabetical order of authors' names or titles. The layout is in the following order:

- regulatory acts (Constitution of Ukraine, Laws, DSTU, etc.);
- used literature (including periodical);
- literature in foreign languages;

7. Design requirements. Times New Roman font, 14, 1.5 intervals; margins: upper and lower - 20 mm, left - 25 mm, right - 15 mm.

Topics for CPIT

1. The goals, driving forces and results of the Dignity Revolution.
2. The interconnection and interaction of political and economic spheres of public life.
3. The relationship between politics and business in Ukrainian society.
4. Motives and forms of political activity of domestic entrepreneurs.
5. Interaction of primary and secondary subjects of political power: experience of sovereign Ukraine.
6. The essence and ways of legitimizing political power.
7. Ways and Conditions for Increasing the Efficiency of Political Power in Ukraine.
8. Status and tendencies of development of the political system of Ukraine.
9. Current issues of reforming Ukraine's political system in the context of the Association Agreement with the EU.
10. State and prospects of Ukraine's establishment as a social state.
11. Reasons and consequences of Ukraine's return to the parliamentary-presidential form of government.
12. Decentralization of the state system as an actual problem of modern Ukraine.
13. DPR and LPR as quasi-state entities.
14. Role of the Coalition of Deputies of the Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine in the formation and effective functioning of the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine.
15. Role of the ruling coalition and opposition factions of the Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine in the legislative process.
16. Structure and activities of the current parliamentary opposition.
17. Interaction between civil society and the state in the context of democracy and other political regimes.
18. New institutional forms of civil society formed during the Revolution of Dignity.
19. Legal regulation of the process of creation and activity of political parties: experience of Ukraine.
20. The state of multiparty and the model of the party system of modern Ukraine.
21. Formation of new political parties after the Revolution of Dignity.
22. Non-governmental youth organizations operating under the leadership of political parties.
23. Status and tendencies of development of volunteer movement in Ukraine.
24. Activities of party factions in the Ukrainian Parliament.
25. The place and role of political parties in the structure of civil society.

26. Status and tendencies of political regime development in modern Ukraine.
27. Manifestations of authoritarianism in the political life of post-revolutionary Ukraine.
28. The influence of oligarchic groups on the deformation of the democratic regime in Ukraine.
29. Legal guarantees of human and citizen's rights and freedoms in Ukraine.
30. Assessment of the state of democracy in Ukraine by foreign experts.
31. The principles of liberal democracy, their implementation in Ukraine.
32. Electoral system in Ukraine (elections of People's Deputies of Ukraine), its main problems.
33. Advantages and disadvantages of the new local elections system in Ukraine.
34. The waves of the spread of democracy in the world, their impact on Ukraine.
35. The political elite of modern Ukraine.
36. Systemic and antisystemic opposition in Ukraine.
37. The interconnection and interaction of political and economic elites in post-revolutionary Ukraine.
38. Features of political leadership in Ukraine after the 2014 presidential election
39. Leadership, Leadership and the Cult of Personality: a Comparative Characteristic.
40. Concepts of national elite V. Lipinskij and D. Dontsov, their relevance for modern Ukraine.
41. Common and distinct ethnic and political nation. Is it possible for a mixed type of nation to be ethno-political?
42. Essential features and features of the modern Ukrainian nation.
43. Ukraine as a nation-state.
44. Causes of separatist manifestations in Ukraine after the Revolution of Dignity.
45. Ethno-politics of the Ukrainian state, its legal principles.
46. National minorities of the Ukrainian state, their political and cultural rights.
47. Contemporary Ukrainian Nationalism: Ideological Foundations and Party Organizations.
48. Cosmopolitanism: its causes and current manifestations.
49. Legal principles of international politics and peculiarities of their implementation in modern conditions.
50. Ukraine in the system of modern world geopolitics.
51. Political and economic benefits that Ukraine has received since the association agreement was signed with the EU.
52. Place and role of Ukraine in the system of European international organizations.
53. Impact of globalization on political, legal and economic processes in Ukraine.
54. The Constitution of Ukraine on the principle of political and ideological diversity, its implementation in public and state life.
55. The role of political ideology in the functioning of the political system
56. Ukrainian Liberal Parties, Their Support for the Population of Ukraine.
57. Right-wing and center-right parties of Ukraine, their representation in the Ukrainian Parliament.
58. Social reform in the world and in Ukraine.
59. Formation and functioning of European parties, their role in the European Parliament.
60. Characteristic features of domestic political culture.
61. Political consciousness and political culture of Ukrainian youth.
62. Problems of political socialization of student youth.
63. Public opinion, its research and consideration in public policy.
64. Use of political marketing tools in the organization of elections to local councils.
65. The main stages and content of the management of a mass political event (demonstrations, rallies, flash mobs, etc.).
66. Political technology of forming the image of a political leader.
67. Ukrainian experience of using "black" political technologies in election campaigns.
68. Place and role of historical memory in the structure of national political culture.
69. Solidarity Model of Democracy of Nationalist Ideologist J. Stetsko.

9. ASSESSMENT TOOLS AND METHODS OF DEMONSTRATION OF LEARNING RESULTS

In the process of studying the discipline “Politology”, assessment tools and methods of demonstrating learning results are used:

- tests;
- current survey;
- credit module tests and survey;
- abstracts, essays;
- presentations of the results of completed tasks and research;
- evaluation for the results of CPIT;
- student presentations and performances at scientific events;
- other types of individual and group tasks.

10. CRITERIA, FORMS OF CURRENT AND FINAL CONTROL

The final score (on a 100-point scale) in the discipline “Politology” is determined as a weighted average value, depending on the specific weight of each credit component:

Credit module 1	Credit module 2	Credit module 3	Total
30%	40%	30 %	100
1. Survey during class (5 topics of 6 points each = 30 points) 2. Written work = 70 points	1. Survey during class (4 topics of 5 points each = 20 points) 2. Written work = 80 points	1. Active participation in training = 20 points. 2. Writing CPIT, based on formed individual tasks = 50 points. 3. Protection of CPIT 30 points	100

Rating scale:

According to the scale of the University	On a national scale	According to the ECTS scale
90-100	excellent	A (excellent)
85-89	good	B (very good)
75-84		C (good)
65-74	enough	D (satisfactory)
60-64		E (enough)
35-59	unsatisfactory	FX (unsatisfactory with possibility of reassembly)
1-34		F (unsatisfactory with mandatory repeat course)

11. TOOLS, EQUIPMENT AND SOFTWARE USED BY THE COURSE

	Name	Number of topics
1	Політологія: навч. посіб. / Т. В. Гончарук-Чолач, О. М. Рудакевич, В. Я. Томахів, М. І. Гурик, Р. Ю. Чигур / за ред. Т. В. Гончарук. Тернопіль: Економічна думка ТНЕУ, 2019. 220 с.	1-9
2	Multimedia tools	1-9

RECOMMENDED SOURCES

1. Agassi, J.; Jarvie, I. C. (June 2019) The Problem of Analytic Philosophy. *Philosophy of the Social Sciences*, vol. 49, 5: pp. 413-433.
2. Agassi, Joseph, Jarvie, Ian. 2019. "Institutions as a Philosophical Problem." *Philosophy of the Social Sciences* 49 (1): 42-63.
3. Bernstein J.G., Ophir A., Stoler A.L. (eds.) *Political Concepts: A Critical Lexicon*. New York: Fordham University Press, 2018. 269 p.
4. Dryzek John S., Honig B., Phillips A. *The Oxford Handbook of Political Theory*. Oxford University Press, 2019. 1678 p.
5. Dowding, Keith. (2016) *The Philosophy and Methods of Political Science*. Macmillian Publishers Limited, Palgrave, London, New York
6. Erman, E, Möller, N (2019) How practices do not matter. *Critical Review of International Social and Political Philosophy* 22(1): 103–118
7. Grant R. Martsof, Teresa H. Thomas. (January 2019) Integrating Political Philosophy Into Health Policy Education. *Policy, Politics, & Nursing Practice*, vol. 20, 1: pp. 18-27.
8. Karl Gustafsson, Nina C. Krickel-Choi (June 2020) Returning to the roots of ontological security: insights from the existentialist anxiety literature. *European Journal of International Relations*, vol. 26, 3: pp. 875-895.
9. Lancaster Carol, Walle van de Nicolas. *The Oxford Handbook Of The Politics Of Development*. Oxford University Press. 2018. 753 p.
10. Mycoff Jason D. *Working with Political Science Research Methods* SAGE Publications. 2019. 160 p.
11. Mingst, Karen A., & Arreguín-Toft, Ivan M. (2016). *Essentials of International Relations* (5th ed.). New York: W. W. Norton & Company..
12. Mingst, Karen A., & Snyder, Jack L. (2017). *Essential Readings in World Politics* (4th ed.). New York: W. W. Norton & Company.
13. Shokri M (2017) What is Political Power? (Theory of Political Consciousness and Integrated Concept of Power). *Arts Social Sci J* 8: 269.
14. [William G. Howell](#), [Terry M. Moe](#) (2020) *Presidents, Populism, and the Crisis of Democracy* University of Chicago Press, 495 p

Information resources

1. Free online e-textbooks "Humanities" (<http://www.chitalca.html>) www.elvisti.com
2. Mirror of the Week - www.zerkalo-nedeli.com
3. Dialogue.UA. - dialogs.org.ua
4. Electronic library of the Faculty of Philosophy of Taras Shevchenko National University of Kyiv. - <http://www.philsci.univ.kiev.ua/biblio/index.html>
5. Internet resources in the discipline of political science (www.eprints.kname.edu.ua/5463/)
6. International Centre for Policy Studies www.icps.kiev.ua
7. International Centre for Policy Studies www.icps.kiev.ua
8. Official website of the Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine - [http:// portal.rada.gov.ua/](http://portal.rada.gov.ua/)
9. Political Thought - www.politdumka.kiev.ua
10. Political Ukraine - www.polit.com.ua
11. Political Science. Study guide for the exam (www.lib.mdpu.org.ua/ebook/politologiya/eBook)
12. Political Science: electronic catalogue www.ecatalog.mk.ua/.../cgiirbis_64.exe?
13. Political Science: Electronic Textbook (www.knuba.edu.ua/doc/politic/polit_sys.pdf)
14. Political Science: Online Library (www.nbu.gov.ua/webnavigator/politics)
15. Political Science: Multimedia textbook (www.naiiu.kiev.ua/books/mnp)
16. National Security and Defence Council of Ukraine www.rainbow.gov.ua
17. Ukrainian Pravda - pravda.com.ua
18. Ukrainian Centre for Economic and Political Studies named after Oleksandr Razumkov - www.uceps.org.ua
19. Ukrainian-Canadian Democracy Building Project www.democracy.kiev.ua